

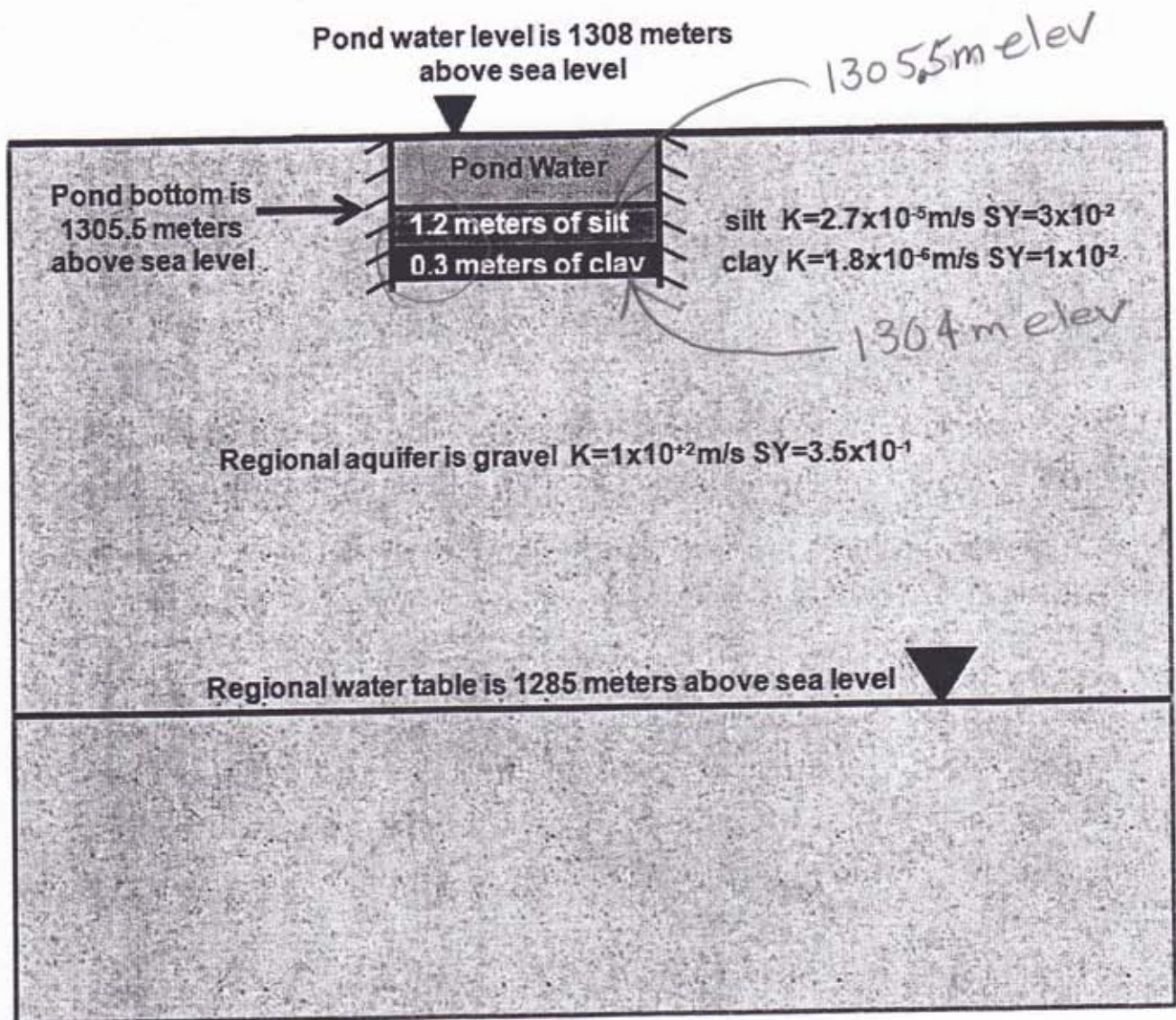
PROBLEM #3 – 25 points USE UNITS of METERS SECONDS and GRAMS

A 40 meter long by 36 meter wide man-made pond has impermeable steel walls to the bottom of the silt and clay lining as illustrated in the cross-sectional view below.

The system is at a steady state.

The regional water table is 23 meters below the pond surface.

ANSWER THE QUESTIONS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE, SHOW YOUR WORK



PROVIDE CALCULATIONS AND ANSWERS TO PROBLEM 3 HEREUSE UNITS of METERS SECONDS and GRAMS

3a) What is the volumetric discharge from the base of the pond?

$$Q = K_{ef} i A = 7.1 \times 10^{-6} \frac{m}{s} \cdot 2.67 (1440 m^2) = 2.7 \times 10^{-2} \frac{m^3}{sec}$$

$$K_{ef} = \frac{1.5 m}{\frac{1.2 m}{2.7 \times 10^{-5} \frac{m}{s}} + \frac{0.3 m}{1.8 \times 10^{-6} \frac{m}{s}}} = 7.1 \times 10^{-6} \frac{m}{s}$$

$$i = \frac{1308 - 1304}{1.5} = 2.67$$

$$A = 40 m \times 36 m = 1440 m^2$$

3b) What percentage of the pond volume is seeping through the bottom each day?

$$100 \times \frac{2.7 \times 10^{-2} \frac{m^3}{sec} \cdot 86400 sec}{2.5 m \times 40 m \times 36 m} = 4.8\%$$

3c) Using sea level as your datum, what is the head at the contact between the silt and clay?

$$V = K_{ef} i = 7.1 \times 10^{-6} \frac{m}{s} \cdot 2.67 = 1.89 \times 10^{-5} \frac{m}{s}$$

$$\Delta h = \frac{V \ell}{K} = \frac{1.89 \times 10^{-5} \frac{m}{s} \cdot 1.2 m}{2.7 \times 10^{-5} \frac{m}{s}} = 0.842 m$$

$$1308_m - 0.842_m = 1307.16 m$$

3d) What is the pressure at the same location that you calculated head for in **b** above?

$$h_p = h_T - h_e = 1307.16 m - (1305.5 - 1.2) = 2.86 m$$

3e) If we pumped the pond out and then allowed the silt and clay to drain completely, how much water would drain from the silt and clay?

$$(1.2 m * 0.03 + 0.3 m * 0.01) 36 m 40 m = 56 m^3$$