

## HW Quiz 5

Work one of the following problems:

1. For what range of  $\nu$  is the function  $f(x) = x^{\frac{\nu+1}{2}}$  in Hilbert space on the interval  $(-1,0)$ ? You may assume that  $\nu$  is real but not necessarily positive.

Need  $\int_{-1}^0 f^* f dx < \infty \Rightarrow \int_{-1}^0 x^{\nu+2} dx = \left[ \frac{x^{\nu+3}}{\nu+3} \right]_{-1}^0 = \frac{0}{\nu+3} - \frac{(-1)^{\nu+3}}{\nu+3}$

blows up if  $\nu+3 < 0$   
blows up if  $\nu+3 = 0$

So to avoid getting  $\infty$  we require  $\nu+3 > 0$  or  $\boxed{\nu > -3}$

2. If  $\hat{Q}$  is a Hermitian Operator, reduce the following expression to a single term:

$$\langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle - \langle if | \hat{Q}ig \rangle + \langle f | \hat{Q}g \rangle + \langle \hat{Q}f | ig \rangle + \langle if | \hat{Q}g \rangle = ?$$

$$\langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle - i^* \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle + \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle + i \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle + i^* \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle$$

$$\langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle - \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle + \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle + i \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle - i \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle = \boxed{\langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle \text{ or } \langle f | \hat{Q}g \rangle}$$